**SUSTAPLAST KG**

**Sustaplast Straße 1**
**D-56112 Lahnstein/Germany**

**Tel. 02621/693-0**
**Fax 02621/693170**
**Internet: www.sustaplast.de**

# Material Data Sheet

| | |
|---|---|
| Trade name | Sustarin ® C AS (electrostatic dissipative) |
| DIN EN ISO 1043 designation | POM |
| Modification | |
| Colour | natural |

| *Properties* | *Unit* | *Test method* | *Value* |
|---|---|---|---|
| ***General Properties*** | | | |
| Density | g/cm³ | DIN 53479 | 1,33 |
| Moisture absorption | | | |
| At saturation in air of 23 °C/50%RH | % | DIN EN ISO 62 | 0,8 |
| Flammability (thickness 3/6mm) | | ISO 1210 (UL 94) | HB / HB |
| ***Mechanical Properties*** | | | *Test specimen "dry"* |
| Yield point | MPa | DIN EN ISO 527 | 40 |
| Elongation at break | % | DIN EN ISO 527 | 15 |
| Tensile modulus of elasticity | MPa | DIN EN ISO 527 | 1.500 |
| notched impact strength | KJ/m² | ISO 179/1eA/Pendel 1J | 5 |
| Ball indentation hardness | N/mm² | | 80 |
| Shore-Hardness | Skala D | DIN 53505 | |
| ***Thermal properties*** | | | |
| Melting temperature | °C | ISO 11357 | 165 |
| Thermal conductivity | W(/K x m) | DIN 52612 | - |
| Coefficient of linear thermal expansion | $10^{-6}$ x $K^{-1}$ | 20°C-60°C | 150 |
| Operating temperature long term | °C | | 90 |
| Operating temperature short term- max. | °C | | 140 |
| Heat deflection temperature | °C | DIN EN ISO 75 | |
| ***Electrical properties*** | | | |
| Dielectrical constant | | IEC 60250 | |
| Dielectric dissipation factor | | IEC 60250 | |
| Volume resistivity | Ohm cm | IEC 60093 | $10^{10}$ - $10^{12}$ |
| Surface resistivity | Ohm | IEC 60093 | $10^{10}$ - $10^{12}$ |
| CTI, solution A | | IEC 60112 | |
| Dielectric strength | KV/mm | IEC 60243 | |

Remarks:

The following applies to Polyamides:
Under the influence of moisture absorption, the mechanical properties change. The material becomes tougher and more resistant to impact, the modulus of elasticity declines. Depending on the environmental atmosphere, the temperature and the period of moisture absorption, only the surface layer ist affected by alterations of property to a certain depth. On thick-walled parts, the center area remains unaffected.

The short-term maximum application temperature only applies to very low mechanical stress for a few hours.
The long-term maximum application temperature is based on the thermal ageing of plastics by oxidation, resulting in a decrease of the mechanical properties. This applies to an exposure to temperatures for at least 5.000 hours causing a 50% loss of the tensile strength from the original value (measured at room temperature). This value says nothing about the mechanical strength of the material at high application temperatures. In case of thick-walled parts, only the surface layer ist affected by oxidation from high temperatures. With the addition of antioxidants, a better protection of the surface layer is achieved. In any case, the center area of the material remains unaffected.
The minimum application temperature ist basically influenced by possible stress factors like impact and/or shock under application. The values stated refer to an minimum degree of impact stress.
The electrical properties as stated result from measurements on natural, dry material. With other colours (in particular black) or saturated material, there may be clear differences in the electrical properties.
The values indicated result from numerous individual measurements for an approximation of the values and are to our today's knowledge. They serve as information about our products and are presented as a guide to choose from our range of materials. This, however, does not include an assurance of specific properties or the suitability for particular application purposes that are legally binding. Since the properties also depend on the dimension of the semi-finished products and the degree of crystallisation (e.g. nucleating by pigments), the actual values of the properties of a particular product may differ from the indicated values.
* The mechanical properties of fibre reinforced material were measured on injection molded samples, parallel to fibre direction.
Special construction details of further material specifications on request.